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(concluded)

holds media that may be printed on by the printer assembly. The printer assembly may be removed from the chassis to service the printer assembly and give full access to the media path. The printer assembly comprises a printer for printing on the media and a controller for controlling the printer and communicating with other devices.

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IN THE SPECIFICATION

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 2, line 19, with the following rewritten paragraph:

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--Printers are now widely used to print various kinds of information bearing objects. For example, printers are used to print vouchers, tickets, coupons, receipts, and game tokens. In many of these applications it is necessary to place printers in small, inaccessible spaces. For example, if a printer is used in a gaming device, the printer must occupy a minimum amount of space so that it does not interfere with the operation of other devices. In this application it is also important that a printer occupy a minimum amount of space on the front of the machine so that the space can be used to present information or entertaining graphics to the user.

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Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 5, line 5, with the following rewritten paragraph:

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--Figure 11 is substantially an isometric view of the printer system of the present invention in use with a device having a secure compartment.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 6, line 15 with the following rewritten paragraph:

Media 12 may also comprise chamfered corners 64 at each line 52. When an individual voucher is removed from media 12, it has a chamfer 64 on each of its corners.

5 Chamfers 64 allow individual vouchers to be inserted more easily into other equipment, such as a voucher reader or validator, and it allows media 12 to be more easily threaded into system 10.

84
Chamfers 64 may also be used with a sensor to detect the position of lines 52. This may be used to accurately position media 12 and to ensure that information for a particular voucher is being printed entirely on that voucher. The chamfers may be formed in a number of shapes. For

10 example, the chamfers may be single angular lines, multiple angular lines, curves, or other corner treatments. Media 12 may be made by a number of different manufacturers including Lottery Impressions, Inc. of Waterford, Michigan.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 8, line 5, with the following rewritten

15 paragraph:

85
As media 12 is advanced, it is fed underneath a tear bar 14 and controller 18 through opening 20. One or more guides 21 and 27 may be provided for guiding media 12 along this path. Opening 20 is the front of the machine where media 12 is presented to a user. Media 12 is advanced so that line 52 is positioned next to tear bar 14. In the preferred embodiment, tear bar 14 is positioned a predetermined distance from opening 20 so that approximately one-half inch of media 12 is advanced past the opening. It has been found that presenting approximately one-half inch of media 12 to a user substantially reduces the likelihood that a user will prematurely grasp and pull the media. This reduces the chance that a voucher will be printed incorrectly due to slippage and/or acceleration.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 9, line 11 with the following rewritten paragraph:

5 --Turning now to figures 3, and 4, tear bar 14 is provided for assisting the separation of a
voucher from media 12. Tear bar 14 comprises a first side portion 35, a second side portion 36
and a central portion 38. First side portion 35 is adapted to abut surface 60 adjacent to first side
56. Second side portion 36 is adapted to abut surface 60 adjacent to second side 58. Center
portion 38 is located between first and second side portions 35 and 36 and it is adapted to abut
surface 60 at center portion 62. In the preferred embodiment, the three groups of three bridges
10 54 roughly correspond to the positions of first side portion 35, second side portion 36, and center
portion 38. Thus, when a pulling force is applied by a user to media 12, first and second side
portions 35 and 36 and center portion 38 apply friction and stress to bridges 54. --

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 9, line 20, with the following rewritten
15 paragraph:

--First side portion 35 may be provided with tapered surfaces so that its height or
thickness decreases as the portion is traversed from the first side towards the center of tear bar
14. Similarly, second side portions 35 may be provided with tapered surfaces so that its height
or thickness decreases as the portion is traversed from the second side towards the center of tear
20 bar 14. This configuration tends to concentrate stress on a single outer bridge 54 rather than a
plurality of bridges when a pulling force is applied. When stress is concentrated on a single
bridge 54, the bridge tends to break more quickly and cleanly. Once the outer most bridge 54
breaks, stress is transferred to the next bridge until it breaks. This configuration also works well

B7
(concluded)

when users produce a torque by pulling on a corner of media 12 because the torque tends to concentrate the stress even more on an outer bridge 54.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 12, line 3, with the following rewritten

5 paragraph:

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As seen in figure 11, printer assembly 108 may be attached to chassis 104 by pin 130 and groove 132. Pin 130 engages groove 132 and the groove guides assembly 108 down into its proper position. A locking mechanism 134, such a spring biased pin may engage hole 136 to lock printer assembly 108 into chassis 104. Cable 138 may be used to transmit electrical power to printer assembly 108 from support frame 102. A connector 142 may be provided on support frame 102 for receiving power (see figure 8). Cable 136 may be used to transmit and receive communication signals to other devices. Connectors 140 on support frame 102 may be used to interface with other devices (see figure 8).

15 Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 12, line 17, with the following rewritten paragraph:

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An advantage of system 100 is to fully expose the path of media 12. By removing printer assembly 108 from chassis 104, a technician can see the entire path of media. Thus, the technician can easily clear jams and remove debris from the media path.

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IN THE CLAIMS

Please delete claims 5-21 and add new claims 22-40 as follows: